

1. Aquifer	an underground store of water, formed when water-bearing (permeable) rocks lie on top of impermeable rocks	22. Water management schemes	programmes to control rivers, generally organised by local or central government
2. Deforestation	the chopping down and removal of trees to clear an area of forest	23. Water store	a build-up of water that has collected on or below the ground, or in the atmosphere
3. Ecosystem	a community of plants and animals that interact with each other and their physical environment	24. Water table	the level in the soil or bedrock below which water is usually present
4. Groundwater	water contained beneath the surface, as a reserve	25. Water unreliability	when rainfall and/or river flows vary from season to season, sometimes unpredictably, resulting in periods of water scarcity
5. Hydroelectric power	the use of fast flowing water to turn turbines which produce electricity		
6. Hydrological cycle	the global stores of water and linking processes that connect them		
7. Impermeable	not allowing water to pass through		
8. Infiltration	the process whereby water soaks into the soil and rock		
9. Intermediate technology	a technology that the local community is able to use relatively easily and without much cost		
10. Joints	lines of weakness in a rock that water can pass along		
11. Over abstraction	when water is being used more quickly than its being replaced		
12. Permeable	allowing water to pass through		
13. Pollution	the presence of chemicals, noise, dirt or other substances which have harmful or poisonous effects on an environment		
14. Pores	small air spaces found in a rock or other material that can be filled with water		
15. Precipitation	when moisture falls from the atmosphere - as rain, hail sleet or snow		
16. River pollution	the emission of harmful or poisonous substances into river water (or their presence in the river)		
17. Run-off	water that flows directly over the land towards rivers or the sea after heavy rainfall		
18. Throughflow	water that flows slowly through the soil until it reaches a river		
19. Water harvesting	storing rainwater or used water ('grey water') for use in periods of drought		
20. Water insecurity	when safe water availability is insufficient to ensure the population of an area enjoys good health, livelihood and earnings. The condition can be caused by water insufficiency or poor water quality		
21. Water insufficiency	a lack of adequate water supplies needed to meet a society's economic and social needs		